

IND

IMPROVISŌ (adv. from IMPROVISUS).
Unexpectedly, suddenly.

INUS, A, UM (adj. superlative of INFERUS). *Lowest, deepest.*

IN (prep. with the accusative and ablative). 1. When governing the accusative, it signifies *into, against, towards, &c.* 2. When governing the ablative, it denotes *in, among, &c.* In composition, it denotes *in, into, upon, against,* and is *intensive* in some words, and *privative* in others.

INANIS, IS, E (adj.). *Empty, void.*

INCENDIUM, II (neut. 2 decl. from INCENDO). *A conflagration, fire, burning.*

INCERTUS, A, UM (adj. from IN and CERTUS). *Uncertain, doubtful, dubious.*

INCOGNITUS, A, UM (verbal adj. from IN and COGNITUS). 1. *Unknown.* 2. *Without trial, without a hearing.*

INCŌLA, Æ (masc. and fem. from IN and COLO). *An inhabitant.*

INCŌLO, COLĒRE, COLŪI, CULTUM (a. v. 3 conj. from IN and COLO). *To inhabit, to abide, to dwell in a place.*

INCONMŌDUM, I (neut. 2 decl. from IN and COMMŌDUM). *An inconvenience, a disadvantage.*

INCOMMŌDUS, A, UM (adj.). *Unfavourable, disadvantageous, hurtful, inconvenient.*

INCORRUPTUS, A, UM (adj. from IN and CORRUPTUS). *Incorrupt, incorruptible, entire, perfect, whole.*

INCREDIBILIS, IS, E (adj. from IN and CREDIBILIS). *Not to be believed, incredible, wonderful.*

INCREDIBILITER (adv. from INCREDIBILIS). *Incredibly, in a manner beyond belief.*

INCUS, ŪDIS (sem. 3 decl. from IN and CUDO). *An anvil.*

INDE (adv.). 1. *Thence, from that place.* 2. *Thenceforth, from that time.*

INDEX, ICIS (masc. and fem. 3 decl.). 1. *A discoverer, discloser, informer.* 2. *An index to a*

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book. 3. *Digitus index, the fore-finger.*

INDĪA, Æ (prop. n. 1 decl. fem.). *India.*

INDĪCIUM, II (neut. 2 decl. from INDEX). *A discovery, proof, information against any one, evidence.*

INDĪCO, ÆRE, ÆVI, ÆTUM (a. v. 1 conj. from INDEX). *To show, to point out, to disclose, to indicate.*

INDĪCO, DICĒRE, DIXI, DICTUM (a. v. 3 conj. from IN and DICO). *To proclaim, to publish, to declare, to denounce.*

INDŪCO, DŪCĒRE, DUXI, DUCTUM (a. v. 3 conj. from IN and DUCO). 1. *To lead or bring in, to lead into, to introduce.* 2. *To lead along, to besmear, to blot out.* 3. *To induce, to persuade, to prevail upon.*

INDULGĒO, ĒRE, ŪLSI (neut. v. 2 conj.). *To indulge, to gratify.*

INDUSTRIA, Æ (fem. 1 decl.). *Industry, persevering energy, diligence.*

INDUSTRIUS, A, UM (adj.). *Industrious, prompt, diligent, active.*

INDUS, I (prop. n. masc. 2 decl.). *The Indus.*

INĒO, ĪRE, ĪVI and ĪI, ITUM (a. v. 4 conj. irreg. from IN and EO). *To go into, to enter, to enter upon, to engage in.* Inire gratiam, *to get into favour with one.* Inire fœdus, *to enter into a league.* Inire prælium, *to engage in battle.*

INERMIS, IS, E (adj. from IN and ARMA). *Unarmed, weaponless, defenceless.*

INERS, ERTIS (adj. from IN and ARS). 1. *Without art or skill.* 2. *Inert, lazy, sluggish.*

INERTIA, Æ (fem. 1 decl. from INERS). 1. *Want of skill.* 2. *Indolence, inertness, sluggishness.* 3. *Cowardice.*

INFĀMIS, IS, E (adj. from IN and FAMA). *Infamous, ill-famed, ill spoken of, ignominious, disgraceful.*

INFANS, ANTIS (adj. from IN and FARI). *That cannot speak.*